

U.S. Micro-Solutions, Inc. * 302 Unity Plaza * Latrobe, PA 15650 Phone: (724) 853-4047 Fax: (724) 853-4049 AIHA-LAP, LLC EMLAP # 103009 www.usmslab.com





Customer Name: AGX. Inc. Sample Date: September 4, 2019 207 Pine Creek Road **Customer Address:** Date Received: September 5, 2019 Wexford, PA 15090 Date of Report: September 6, 2019

Customer Phone: (724) 934-4249 Fax:

PO Number: Attention: **Amber Brancolini**

Project Name/Number: **Connoquenessing Elementary**

Customer sampl	e number:	s belo	w are unique	ly iden	tified b	y pre	fixing Labora	tory#		98776	6-19		
			Trap Analysis Analytical M		-		AllergencoD						
Total Volume (L)	75			USMS-M008 75				T					
Sample Number			CON-5-06		CON-OUT-07								
Location:			Room 5		Outside								
Particle ID	Raw ct.	AS	Spores/m³	%	Raw ct.	AS	Spores/m³	%	Raw ct.	AS	Spores/m³	%	
Alternaria													
Ascospores	3	13	39	8%	103	13	1,339	6%					
Aspergillus/Penicillium-like	19	13	247	48%	35	13	455	2%					
Basidiospores	5	13	65	13%	101	178	17,978	79%					
Bipolaris/Drechslera	Ů	10	00	1070	1	13	13	0%					
Cercospora						10	10	070					
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium	5	13	65	13%	214	13	2,782	12%					
Curvularia		13	0.5	1376	214	13	2,102	12.70					
Epicoccum					1	13	13	0%					
Helicomyces					'	13	13	076					
•													
Nigrospora													
Oidium		40	40	00/									
Pithomyces/Ulocladium	1	13	13	3%				201					
Polythrincium					1	13	13	0%					
Rusts	1	13	13	3%	11	13	143	1%					
Smuts/ Myxomycetes	6	13	78	15%	3	13	39	0%					
Stachybotrys													
Torula													
Trichoderma Unidentified dematiaceous conidia													
Unidentified hyaline conidia													
omaomina nyamio oomaa													
Total Mold (Spores/m³ of air)	40		520		470	70 22,775							
,			1					1			<u>'</u>		
Pollen	0	13	< 13		0	13	< 13						
Hyphal Fragments	2	13	26		10	13	130						
Insect Fragments		_											
Plant Fragments													
Skin Cell Fragments			1		1								
Debris			2		1								
Analyst Initials			HC				HC						
Date Analyzed			09/05/19				09/05/19						
Cassette Serial # / Exp Date:		2937557 03/2020			2937561 03/2020								

Entire trace analyzed. Results relate only to the samples tested. Results are reported as calculated. For biological data, the first and/or second digit should be considered significant. Total percentage may not equal 100% due to rounding. Percentages reported as 0% are greater than 0 and less than 0.5%. The Aspergillus/Penicllium-like category cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. AS=Analytical Sensitivity (spore/m³); Blank Lines = None Detected

When providing duplicates of this report, the document should be provided in total and not in section in accordance with AIHA-LAP, LLC. Any unauthorized or improper disclosure, copying, distribution, use, or falsification of these results is prohibited. USMS shall have no liability to the Customer or the Customer's customer for opinions stated, recommendations made, actions taken, or conduct implemented based on the test results reported.

Technical Manager: Rown Lanchaloky Sharon Fanchalsky, AS, MLT (ASCP)

SPORE TRAP INTERPRETATION TIPS

Currently there are no numeric standards for indoor airborne or surface microbial contamination. Suggested guidelines are constantly being reviewed and updated as more information is collected.

Some common denominators should be considered when interpreting results:

- 1. Comparison of indoor/outdoor concentration ratios.
- 2. Complaint vs. non-complaint areas or affected vs. non-affected areas.
- 3. Consider air exchange rates and activity levels in a building structure, weather, and season of the year.
- 4. Rank order assessment and concentration (e.g. Spores/m³ of air) of the fungi.
- 5. Predominant fungal genera: Are there water indicator microorganisms present, such as but not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Stachybotrys*, *Rhodotorula*, *Trichoderma*, and *Scopulariopsis*.
- 6. Generally the fungal counts indoors should be lower than outdoor counts and the types of fungi found indoors should be similar to outdoors.
- 7. There is always a potential bias from infiltration of outdoor air, poor housekeeping, excessive indoor relative humidity, or potential contamination sources (e.g. water intrusion through a basement wall) that may negatively influence post remedial verification (PRV) or clearance levels.
- 8. The investigator should look for various patterns among the indoor types of molds detected:
 - a. Increased levels of primary (1st) colonizers in damp or moisture intrusion areas of homes or commercial buildings: **Aspergillus/Penicillium** or **Cladosporium** are usually noted.
 - b. **Chaetomium** or **Stachybotrys** are tertiary (3rd) colonizers of indoor materials and are usually associated with chronic long standing water/moisture issues in a building.
 - c. The presence of *hyphal fragments* or *fruiting structures* noted on spore trap samples usually indicates amplification (growth) of fungion building substrates.
 - d. **Ascospores** and **basidiospores** noted on indoors spore trap samples most often represent the entrance of inadequately filtered outdoor air. During inclement weather, remember to note time, temperature, and season. Most indoor materials will not support the growth of these fungi.
- 9. When unidentified hyaline (clear) or dematiaceous (dark-pigmented) conidia are noted on a spore trap sample, it indicates that no particular fungus can be identified. These fungal conidia may represent such yeast-like fungi as *Aureobasidium*, *Sporidiobolus*, unidentifiable *Acremonium* species, Basidiomycetes (basidiospores), and Ascomycetes (ascospores).
- 10. Keep in mind when interpreting spore trap sample reports, that indoor levels may be higher than corresponding outdoor levels (winter time in the Northern U.S.) with a predominance of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* or *Cladosporium* conidia with no significant amplification of any molds.

Revised 02/2018 Page 2 of 3 plus COC

SPORE TRAP GUIDELINES FOR INDOOR MICROBIAL CONTAMINATION

DEBRIS RATING for SPORE TRAP ANALYSIS (using 600X magnification) (Air-O-Cell, Micro 5, Allergenco D, Cyclex d, VersaTrap, etc.)						
DEBRIS RATING	CONDITIONS FOR REPORTING DEBRIS RATING	SIGNIFICANCE				
0	A visible trace, including particulates and debris, is not observed.	Indicates the sample was a blank, the area is exceptionally clean, or improper sampling occurred.				
1	Debris is present and <10% of the average viewing field is obscured.	Minimal amount of debris is observed.				
2	Debris is present and 10% to <40% of the average viewing field is obscured.	Low amount of debris is observed, counts may be affected.				
3*	Debris is present and 40% to 75% of the average viewing field is obscured.	Moderate amount of debris is observed, counts of conidia/hyphal fragments may be underestimated.				
4*	Debris is present and >75% of the average viewing field is obscured.	High amount of debris is observed, counts are estimated.				
5* See Relative Abundance chart below	Excessive debris is present	Periphery of trace analyzed. Relative amounts of conidia/hyphal fragments noted. Suggest recollection.				
6	Slide completely obscured by excessive debris.	Unable to analyze. Recollect sample.				

^{*} A rating of 3 or greater indicates that the accuracy of the analysis is likely affected.

RELATIVE ABUNDANCE of OBSERVED CONIDIA & HYPHAL FRAGMENTS					
RATING	Relative Amounts of Observed Fungal Structures per high power field (600X)				
Rare	0-1				
Few	2 to 5				
Moderate	6 to 10				
Many	11 to 100				
Numerous	>100				

SKIN CELL ANALYSIS					
SKIN CELL RATING	Relative Amounts of Observed Skin Cells per high power field (600X)				
0	No skin cells present				
1	0-1				
2	2 to 5				
3	6 to 10				
4	11 to 15				
5	≥16				

End of Report

Revised 02/2018 Page 3 of 3 plus COC





U.S. Micro-Solutions, Inc. 302 Unity Plaza Latrobe, PA 15650 PH: 724-853-4047 FAX: 724-853-4049





supplies@usmslab.com

LABORATORY TEST REQUEST - CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Customer Name	AGX	Inc.			Phone #: 724-934-4	1249	FAX #: 724	-934-567	77
Address:	207 P	ine Cree	k Road		City: Wexford		State: PA	Zip: 1	5090
Attention To:	Ambe	r Branco	olini		E-Mail: abrancolini(@agxinc.com			
Sample Obtained	d By:	Amber B	rancolini		Results: FAX	✓ E-Mail	PO#	Proposa	l #
Project Name/Nu	umber:	onnoqu	ueviessi	ng Ele	ementary				
Turn-Around-Tim (Spore Trap & D			Standard (48	-72 hr) N	ext Day (24 hr, M-F)	Same Day (6 hr, M	1-F) 3-Hou	ır (M-F)	Saturday
Comments:									
Sample #		mple / Time	Sample Code	Analysis Code	Sampl	le Location & Des	cription		Sample Volume/Area
(ON-5-06	9-4-19		ST	SIT	Ra	om 5			75 L
(Ob-out-07)	1		1	1	0	utside			1
		3.5		in a					
							til	*	
Relinquished By	(Customer	MUST sign)	ande	B	remalin			& Time +19	/6:40 Pm
Received By La	b)Use Only	4			Date 8	8 Time 05/0 1/2	C G	\$77(019

Sample Code				
A Air Plate				
B Bulk				
ST	ST Spore Trap			
S	Swab			
W	Water			
T	Таре			
0	Other			

Analysis Code						
DME	Direct Microscopic Exam	НРС	Heterotrophic Plate Count			
SPT	Spore Trap AD	мус	Mycobacteria Culture			
FUNG	Fungal Culture - Counts w/ ID of top 3 organisms	STA	Staphylococcus / MRSA Culture			
BACT	Bacterial Culture – Counts w/ ID of top 3 organisms	DUO	Duodenoscope Culture			
SSQT	Sewage Screen (quant) – Counts w/ Identification E. coli, coliforms, enterococci (fecal streptococci)	нси	Heater/Cooler Water Culture includes mycobacteria. HPC. coliforms, & P. aeruginosa			
SSQL	Sewage Screen (qualitative) – Identification of E. coli, coliforms, enterococci (fecal streptococci)	PSA	Pseudomonas aeruginosa Culture			
COL	Colilert - Presence/absence of E. coli, coliforms	IDS	Species Identification by MALDI-TOF			

^{*}All samples received after 1:00 p.m. Monday-Friday will be considered received the NEXT business day. Same Day and Next Day samples received on Saturday will be reported on Monday and Tuesday, respectively.